

GST 2.0 – Inverted Duty Structure

GST 2.0 will see rationalised GST rates under a simplified structure, by collapsing the current four-slab structure into a two-slab and a higher slab for sin and luxury goods. Unless carefully calibrated, the rate rejig has the potential to inadvertently create new Inverted Duty Structure (IDS) scenarios even as it resolves existing ones.

Why IDS is a problem today

- IDS arises when the GST rate on input supplies (e.g., 12% or 18%) exceeds the rate on output supplies (e.g., 5%), leading to accumulation of Input Tax Credit (ITC) that cannot be fully utilized against output tax liability.
- While refund provisions exist under Rule 89(5) of the CGST Rules for IDS scenarios, these anyhow exclude ITC on input services and capital goods, resulting in credit blockage and, undermining the principle of seamless credit flow. To recap, the Apex Court in the case of VKC Footsteps¹ acknowledged this legal position; noticing the imbalance caused by the formula Court, urged the GST Council to reconsider it.
- IDS has been a long-standing pain point, for textiles, pharma and edible oil sector, where accumulated ITC ties up liquidity. The Council has resolved the issue for mobile phone and minerals & ores sector.
- In the hospitality industry too, IDS has surfaced; output supply is liable for 5% (without ITC), whereas inward rent is taxed at 18%. This

- anomaly is without remedy, as per the extant law.
- In the paper industry as well, IDS persists; output paper is taxed at 12%, while essential input services viz, logistics, rentals and marketing are taxed at 18%. The electric vehicle industry is also facing a similar hurdle.
- The refund process, in most cases, is compliance-intensive, often involving delays, documentation challenges, and legal disputes, which in turn create uncertainty in cash flows thereby straining working capital.

IDS in the GST 2.0 era

- Impact of rate reduction: The proposed consolidation of GST slabs into 5% and 18% is expected to narrow the gap between input and output tax rates. This alignment could ease the IDS challenge by reducing the accumulation of unutilised ITC and lowering reliance on refunds.
- What businesses should prepare for Companies should map input-output tax mismatches, run price and margin scenarios, and tighten refund documentation under Rule 89(5). Contracts and ERP systems will need quick updates to capture new rates.
- Transitional watchpoints: Exemptions in place of lower rates could block ITC entirely, negating the intended relief. Lodged refund claims will require careful handling during the rate shift.

¹ 2021 (52) G.S.T.L. 513 (S.C.)

Dhruva Comments

As the GST Council sets out to rationalize rates, in order to truly revamp GST and induce 'ease of living'2 the GST Council would do well to: (i) ensure that it does not inadvertently create new instances of IDS, (ii) recommend legislative amendments for refund of input services and capital goods (iii) revise the refund formula under Rule 89(5) (iv) specifically address sectoral anomalies, (v) enable IDS refund for the services sector.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ As pronounced by the Prime Minister in the 79 $^{\rm th}$ Independence Day speech.

ollow us on:







ADDRESSES

Mumbai

1101, One World Centre, 11th Floor, Tower 2B, 841, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai – 400 013 Tel: +91 22 6108 1000 / 1900

Ahmedabad

402, 4th Floor, Venus Atlantis, 100 Feet Road, Prahlad Nagar, Ahmedabad – 380 015 Tel: +91 79 6134 3434

Bengaluru

Lavelle Road, 67/1B, 4th Cross, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560001 Tel: +91 90510 48715

Delhi / NCR

305-307, Emaar Capital Tower-1, MG Road, Sector 26, Gurgaon Haryana – 122 002 Tel: +91 124 668 7000

New Delhi

1007-1008, 10th Floor, Kailash Building, KG Marg, Connaught Place, New Delhi – 110001 Tel: 011 4514 3438

GIFT City

Dhruva Advisor IFSC LLP 510, 5th Floor, Pragya II, Zone-1, GIFT SEZ, GIFT City, Gandhinagar – 382050, Gujarat. Tel: +91 7878577277

Pune

305, Pride Gateway, Near D-Mart, Baner, Pune – 411 045 Tel: +91 20 6730 1000

Kolkata

4th Floor, Unit No 403, Camac Square, 24 Camac Street, Kolkata West Bengal – 700016 Tel: +91 33 66371000

Singapore

Dhruva Advisors Pte. Ltd. #16-04, 20 Collyer Quay, Singapore – 049319 Tel: +65 9144 6415

Abu Dhabi

Dhruva Consultants 1905 Addax Tower, City of Lights, Al Reem Island, Abu Dhabi, UAE Tel: +971 26780054

Dubai

Dhruva Consultants Emaar Square Building 4, 2nd Floor, Office 207, Downtown, Dubai, UAE

Tel: +971 4 240 8477

Saudi Arabia

Dhruva Consultants 308, 7775 King Fahd Rd, Al Olaya, 2970, Riyadh 12212, Saudi Arabia

KEY CONTACTS

Dinesh Kanabar

Chief Executive Officer dinesh.kanabar@dhruvaadvisors.com

Ranjeet Mahtani

ranjeet.mahtani@dhruvaadvisors.com

Jignesh Ghelani

jignesh.ghelani@dhruvaadvisors.com

Kulraj Ashpnani

kulraj.ashpnani@dhruvaadvisors.com

Dhruva Advisors has been consistently recognised as the "India Tax Firm of the Year" at the ITR Asia Tax Awards in 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021.

Dhruva Advisors has also been recognised as the "India Disputes and Litigation Firm of the Year" at the ITR Asia Tax Awards 2018 and 2020.

WTS Dhruva Consultants has been recognised as the "Best Newcomer Firm of the Year" at the ITR European Tax Awards 2020.

Dhruva Advisors has been recognised as the **"Best Newcomer Firm of the Year"** at the ITR Asia Tax Awards 2016.

Dhruva Advisors has been consistently recognised as a Tier 1 Firm in India for General Corporate Tax by the International Tax Review's in its World Tax Guide.

Dhruva Advisors has been consistently recognised as a **Tier 1 Firm in India for Indirect Taxes** in International Tax Review's Indirect Tax Guide.

Dhruva Advisors has also been consistently recognised as a **Tier 1 Firm in India for its Transfer Pricing** practice ranking table in ITR's World Transfer Pricing guide.

Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is in summary form and is therefore intended for general guidance only. This publication is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation. This publication is not a substitute for detailed research and professional opinions. Before acting on any matters contained herein, reference should be made to subject matter experts, and professional judgment needs to be exercised. Dhruva Advisors LLP cannot accept any responsibility for loss occasioned to any person acting or refraining from acting as a result of any material contained in this publication